Attitude of First Year Medical Students in Dissection Hall

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Abstract: First year medical students experience mixed feelings of various emotional reactions when they encounter with human cadavers. So this study was conducted to assess the attitude of first year medical students in dissection hall. Predesigned questionnaire was prepared & distributed among 100 students after obtaining permission from Institutional Ethics Committee and consent from the participants. Demographic characteristics, history of previous exposure to dead body and various emotional reactions and views were assessed among participated 99 students. All the participants (100%) agreed that anatomy dissection is an important part of Medical Degree where as 96.97% of them opined that dissection gives better results than demonstration on prosected specimen. Majority of the students (82.83%) agreed with dissection techniques instead of plastic model or computer assisted training programme. 96.7% of the participants had gratitude to people who donated their bodies. Three in hundred participants had ever thought of leaving the course following cadaveric exposure. Better teacher-students interactions, pre-education sessions will help in improving the attitude of the students towards cadaveric dissection which in turn will help in improving their mental status to handle the highest level of stress in clinical carrier.

Key words: Cadaver, Dissection, Ethics, Formalin, Osteology, Prosection.

I. Introduction

Anatomical dissection is a time honored part of medical education.¹ Since the Renaissance, dissection of cadaver has been central to medical education and the chief pillar for learning anatomy.² It is considered as essential requirements in learning gross anatomy, particularly the three-dimensional aspect of human anatomy.³ It plays an important role in shaping the medical students attitudes to life and death.¹

The area of concern is the variety of psychological & emotional reactions and mixed feelings by first year medical students when they encounter with human cadavers for first time in dissection room. So, anatomy dissection hall represents a significant emotional challenge to many medical students. Though initial cadaver dissection can be experienced as a significant life event by many young medical students, but the majority of them adapt to the situation quickly.

The anatomists are often the first teachers in the curriculum who need to be aware of ethical problems. So, more attention to be paid to the first encounter with the cadaver. The students should be offered the opportunity to discuss their emotions. There were varying responses regarding the attitudes and views towards cadaver dissection found in first year medical students. So, this study was conducted to assess the attitude, to analyze the psychological & emotional reactions and mixed feelings among first year medical students on exposure to human cadaver in dissection hall.

II. Materials & Methods

After obtaining formal permission from Institutional Ethics Committee and consent from the participants with full explaination of the purpose of the study, the study was conducted in the Department of Anatomy, Regional Institute of Medical Sciences, Imphal, Manipur. A predesigned questionnaire of 25 items including socio-demographic characteristics, physical & emotional reactions and mixed feelings, attitudes of students, was prepared & distributed among 100 first year medical students of 2013-2014 batch after initial exposure to cadavers in dissection hall within 7 days. The questionnaire was based upon a review of literature and similar studies conducted elsewhere. For each question, the student had to choose one of the three possible responses: "yes", "no", and or "cannot say". Various emotional reactions and views among participated 99 students were collected the data were then analyzed and the result was discussed with available literatures.

III. Results

Out of 100 students, 99 were volunteered to participate in the present study. The age of the students ranged from 18 to 23 years. Their socio-demographic profile, attitude before & on encounter with cadaver in dissection hall, physical and emotional responses, and responses on attitude towards dissection were summarized in following tables.

DOI: 10.9790/0853-14527478 www.iosrjournals.org 74 | Page

Table 1: Socio-demographic characteristics of study respondents.

Sl no.	Characteris	tics	Number of students (n=99)	Percentage (%)
1.	Gender	Male	45	45.5%
		Female	54	54.5%
2.	Religion	Christianity	47	47.5%
	_	Hinduism	39	39.4%
		Buddhist	3	3%
		Meitei	3	3%
		Muslims	2	2%
		others	5	5.1%
3.	Food habit	Vegetarian	7	7.1%
		Non-vegetarian	92	92.9%
4.	Occupation of father	Employed	93	93.9%
		Unemployed	6	6.1%
5.	Occupation of mother	Employed	41	41.4%
		Unemployed	58	58.6%
6.	Whether exposed to animal	Yes	8	8.1%
	dissection in school	No	91	91.9%

Table 2: Responses on attitude "before & on encounter with cadaver" in dissection hall.

	Table 2. Responses on attitude before & on electune	i with cadaver	in dissection nan.			
Sl no.	Particulars of questions	Number of 'Yes' (%)	Number of 'No' (%)	Number of 'Can Not Say' (%)		
1.	Have you ever seen cadaver or dead human body before?	4	95			
1.	Thave you ever seen cadaver of dead hairman body before.	(4%)	(96%)			
2.	Did you like to hold the bones, the first time you saw them?	84	6	9		
		(84.8%)	(6.1%)	(9.1%)		
3.	Have you ever had any fear or anxiety or stress till now with regard to the	3	96	-		
	cadaver?	(3%)	(97%)			
4.	Did you have a pleasant feeling before entering the dissection room?	31	44	24		
		(31.3%)	(44.4%)	(24.2%)		
5.	How do you feel when you enter the dissection room for the first time?	Нарру	Unhappy	No feelings		
		44	4	51		
		(44.4%)	(4%)	(51.5%)		
6.	Did you after your first encounter with the cadaver have recurrent	24	64	11		
	thoughts about the cadaver even when away from college?	(24.2%)	(64.6%)	(11.1%)		
7.	Did you experience the formalin odour after your first encounter with the	61	33	5		
	cadaver even when away from college?	(61.1)	(33.3%)	(5.1%		
8.	Do you have any apprehension in handling the cadaver directly?	24	61	14		
		(24.2%)	(61.6%)	(14.1%)		
9.	Did you have the thought to leave the course for cadaveric exposure?	4	90	5		
		(4%)	(90.9%)	(5.1%)		

Table 3: Physical and Emotional responses.

Sl no.	Particulars of questions	Number of respondents (n=99)	Number of males (n=45) with percentage (%)	Number of females (n=54) with percentage (%)
		with percentage (%)		
1.	Nausea	8 (8.1%)	4 (8.9%)	4 (7.4%)
2.	Dizziness	8 (8.1%)	3 (6.7%)	5 (9.3%)
3.	Weakness	0	0	0
4.	Fear	1 (1%)	1 (2.2%)	0
5.	Restlessness	1 (1%)	0	1 (1.9%)
6.	Sweating	0	0	0
7.	Difficulty in breathing	7 (7.1%)	3 (6.7%)	4 (7.4%)
8.	Tremor	0	0	0
9.	Lack of concentration	2 (2%)	1 (2.2%)	1 (1.9%)
10.	Difficulty in consuming non- vegetarian food	29 (29.3%)	12 (26.7%)	17 (31.5%)
11.	Sleep disturbance	2 (2%)	0	2 (3.7%)
12.	No feelings	41 (41.4%)	21 (46.7)	20 (37%)

DOI: 10.9790/0853-14527478 www.iosrjournals.org 75 | Page

Table 4: Responses on attitude towards dissection among respondents.

	Table 4. Responses on attitude towards diss		, •	1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 1
Sl no.	Particulars of questions	Number of	Number of	Number of 'Can Not
		'Yes' (%)	'No' (%)	Say' (%)
1.	Do you feel anatomy dissection is an important part of medical	99	0	0
	degree?	(100%)		
	ŭ			
2.	Do you think that dissection enhances the skill of thinking in a	97	2	0
	logical manner?	(98%)	(2%)	
3.	Does cadaver dissection give better results than demonstration on	96	1	2
	prosected specimens?	(97%)	(1%)	(2%)
4.	Should cadaver dissection technique be replaced by plastic models,	8	78	13
	computer assisted training etc in near future?	(8.1%)	(78.8%)	(13.1%)
5.	Do you think that personal protective equipment is necessary for all	79	12	8
	dissection?	(79.8%)	(12.1%)	(8.1%)
6.	Do you feel that interaction with anatomy staff before entering the	56	13	30
	dissection hall would lessen the emotional impact?	(56.6%)	(13.1%)	(30.3%)
7.	Do you respect the cadaver and regard it with sanctity?	80	5	14
		(80.8%)	(5.1%)	(14.1%)
8.	Is cadaver dissection Ethically acceptable?	38	21	40
	· · · · ·	(38.4%)	(21.2%)	(40.4%)
9.	Do you have any sense of gratitude to people who donated their	97	2	0
	bodies?	(98%)	(2%)	

IV. Discussion

The established fact in learning anatomy is from dead. Previous literature review reveals that there are varying responses regarding the attitudes, emotions and views of medical students towards cadaver dissections. The observations and findings from the present study demonstrate a favourable outcome to cadaver dissection and its indispensability in anatomy learning. So, the students' responses observed by various authors regarding attitude before & on encounter with cadaver in dissection hall, physical and emotional responses, and responses on attitude towards dissection were compared and were summarized in following tables.

Table 5: Attitude "before & on encounter with cadaver" found in other authors' studies.

Sl	Particulars of question	ons	Prese	Rajku	Izun	Agniho	Oyey	Naz	Dubha	Kara	Arraez-
no.			nt	mari et	ya	tri G et	ipo	S et	shi S	u PB	Aybar
			study	al. ² (%)	AM	al.9	IP et	al.11	et al.12	et	LA et
			(%)		et al ⁸	(%)	al. ¹⁰	(%)	(%)	al. 13	al.1 (%)
					(%)		(%)			(%)	
1.	Have you ever seen cadaver	Yes	4	-	49	34.66	50	-	-	50.7	-
	or dead human body before?	no	96	58.75	50	62	50	-	-	49.3	-
2.	Did you like to hold the	Yes	84.8	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-
	bones, the first time you saw	No	6.1	-	-	23.66	-	-	-	-	-
	them?	Cannot say	9.1	-	-	16.33	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Have you ever had any fear	Yes	3	18.75	-	86.66	-	16	5.6	29.3	8.2
	or anxiety or stress till now with regard to the cadaver?	No	97	72.5	-	10	-	55.2	-	62.7	-
4.	Did you have a pleasant	Yes	31.3	-	-	60.33	-	-	-	8	-
	feeling before entering the	No	44.4	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-
	dissection room?	Cannot say	24.2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
5.	How do you feel when you	Нарру	44.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	enter the dissection room for	Unhappy	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	the first time?	No feeling	51.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Did you after your first	Yes	24.2	-	-	90	-	-	-	-	-
	encounter with the cadaver	No	64.6	-	-	9.33	-	-	-	-	-
	have recurrent thoughts about the cadaver even when away from college?	Cannot say	11.1	-	-	0.66	-	-			-
7.	Did you experience the	Yes	61.6	-	-	66.67	-	45	71		-
	formalin odour after your	No	33.3	-	-	23.33	-	33.2	-	-	-
	first encounter with the	Cannot say	5.1	-	-	10	-	21.8	-	-	-
	cadaver even when away from college?										
8.	Do you have any	Yes	24.2	32.5	35	46.67	35	-	-	29.3	-
	apprehension in handling the	No	61.6	53.75	46	40.67	56.7	-	-	61.3	-
	cadaver directly?	Cannot say	14.1	-	19	12.66	8.3	-	-	22.7	-
9.	Did you have the thought to	Yes	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	leave the course for cadaveric	No	90.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	exposure?	Cannot say	5.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DOI: 10.9790/0853-14527478 www.iosrjournals.org 76 | Page

Table 6: Physical & emotional responses found in the study of the following authors. (Percentage = %).

					- 0		0 /
Sl	Particulars of questions	Present	Agnihotri et	Arora L et	Arraez Aybar LA	Naz S et	Mulu A et
no.		study	al.9	al. ¹⁴	et al.1	al. ¹¹	al. ¹⁵
		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1.	Nausea	8.1	32.33	3.87	3.3	-	0.7
2.	Dizziness	8.1	4.33	-	3.5	-	-
3.	Weakness	0	12.33	-	-	-	-
4.	Fear	1	33.67	4.16	-	-	12.2
5.	Restlessness	1	21.33	-	-	-	-
6.	Sweating	0	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Difficulty in breathing	7.1	-	-	5.2	16.2 (Asthma)	-
8.	Tremor	0	-	-	-	19.4	-
9.	Lack of concentration	2	44	-	-	-	-
10.	Difficulty in consuming non- vegeterian food	29.3	-	-	-	-	-
11.	Sleep disturbance	2	-	-	<1	7.4	-
12.	No feelings	41.4	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5: Attitude towards dissection among respondents found with other authors' studies.

	Table 5: Attitude tov	vards disse	ction am		ndents f	ound with	i other aut	thors' stu	idies.	
Sl no.	Particulars of question	ons	Present study (%)	Rajkumar i et al. (%) ²	Izunya AM et al. ⁸ (%)	Agnihot ri G et al. ⁹ (%)	Oyeyipo IP et al. 10 (%)	Naz S et al. ¹¹ (%)	Mulu A et al. ¹⁵ (%)	Karau PB et al. ¹³ (%)
1.	Do you feel anatomy	Yes	100	98.75	90	78.33	98.3	46	-	92
	dissection is an important	No	0	-	7	7	1.7	32	-	6.7
	part of medical degree?	Cannot say	0	-	3	11.33	-	22	-	1
	Do you think that dissection	Yes	98	85	76	90	81.7	-	-	92
2.	enhances the skill of	No	2	-	15	7.33	15	-	-	4
	thinking in a logical manner?	Cannot say	0	-	9	2.66	3.33	-	-	4
	Does cadaver dissection	Yes	97	96.25	71	83.66	88.3	-	90.5	96
3.	give better results than	No	1	-	14	7.33	6.7	-	9.5	2.7
	demonstration on prosected specimens?	Cannot	2	-	15	9	5	-	-	1.3
	Should cadaver dissection	Yes	8.1	28.75	45	33.33	45	60.8	-	24
4.	technique be replaced by	No	78.8	-	39	36.66	51.7	-	83	72
	plastic models, computer assisted training etc in near future?	Cannot say	13.1	-	16	30	3.3	-	-	4
	Do you think that personal	Yes	79.8	-	-	-	-	-	99	-
5.	protective equipment is	No	12.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	necessary for all dissection?	Cannot say	8.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Do you feel that interaction with anatomy staff before entering the dissection hall	Yes	56.6	-	-	82	-	-	-	-
	would lessen the emotional	No	13.1	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
	impact?	Cannot say	30.3	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
7.	Did you experience the formalin odour after your first encounter with the	Yes	80.8	83.75	80	70	83.3	87	-	-
	cadaver even when away from college?	No	5.1	-	12	10.66	15	13	-	-
		Cannot say	14.1	-	8	19.33	1.7	0	-	-
8.	Is cadaver dissection Ethically acceptable?	Yes	38.4	70	78	66.67	90	77.0	-	-
	, ,	No	21.2	-	6	19.67	3.3	14.7	-	-
		Cannot say	40.4	-	17	13.66	6.7	8	-	-
9.	Do you have any sense of gratitude to people who	Yes	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	donated their bodies?	No	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	and oddes.	Cannot say	0	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1

V. Conclusion

Cadaver dissection is an important and indispensible in learning anatomy. Better teacher-students interactions, pre-education sessions will help in improving the attitude of the students towards cadaveric dissection which in turn will help in improving their mental status to handle the highest level of stress in clinical carrier.

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DOI: 10.9790/0853-14527478 www.iosrjournals.org 78 | Page