# A Study on Usage of Different Medications among Medical Students during Their Examination Days

Dr.G.V.Hemanth<sup>1</sup>Dr.Padma sravani<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>(Assistant Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Narayana Medical college, Nellore, India) <sup>2</sup>(Assistant Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Government Medical college, Anantapur, India) Corresponding Author : Dr.Padmasravani

**Abstract:** Background: Some of the medical students are using different medications during their examination days to perorm well in the examinations. There is a need to identify what medications they are using and take certain measures to reduce the usage of medications if they are known to be harmful to the medical students

Aim: To identify and evaluate different medications used by medical students during their Examination days and find out whether they are harmful to them.

*Materials and methods:* The study was done on 200 medical students of ninth semester, of age 20-23 years. The study subjects were given a common questionnaire to fill, about usage of various medications during their Examination days.

**Results:** Results were analysed in the form of pie diagrams.

**Conclusion:** we concluded that the usage of different drugs among medical students is very less and not much harmful to them. In future if the usage of medications among medical students increases, then we have to take measures to reduce the usage if they are known to be harmful.

Keywords: Examination days, Medications, Medical students, Harmful.

Date of Submission: 03-04-2019 Date of acceptance: 18-04-2019

## I. Introduction

Now a days some of the medical students particularly who are studying MBBS are using some drugs during their examination days either to get some benefits from them or as a measure to reduce the examination stress and also to perform well in the examinations(1,2,3,4,5) From IIIrd semester onwards the students are getting more awareness about the drugs in Pharmacology subject. By the end of Vth semester they come to know about most of the drugs. So the usage of drugs might be less in first year MBBS students, as they are not introduced to the drugs so far. In this study we are going to know about the usage of different drugs, dosages and their routes of administration among medical students who are studying final year MBBS(6,7,8,9,10)

There is much more necessity to know the usage of drugs particularly among medical students. By this we can understand their behavior and difficulties they are facing during the examination days. Also we can take certain measures to minimize the usage of drugs if they are known to be harmful to them(11,12)

## II. Materials & methods

The study was done on 200 medical students of ninth semester of age 20-23 years who are writing their final year theory examinations. The study subjects were given a common questionnaire to fill, about usage of various medications during their examination days. The questionnaire is as follows.

#### **Questionnaire**

7. Do you take any NSAID as a misbelief to prevent fever/headache? Yes /No

If yes, what is the drug name \_\_\_\_\_\_ it's dose \_\_\_\_\_ and route\_\_\_\_\_

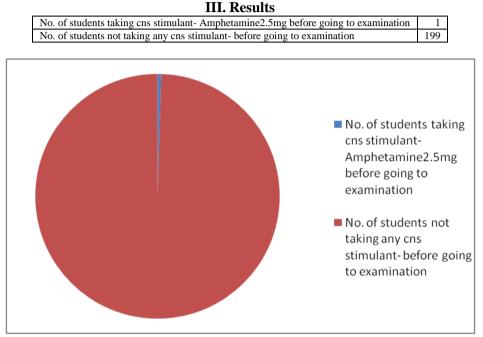
8. Do you take any antibiotics as a misbelief to prevent infections? Yes /No

If yes, what is the drug name \_\_\_\_\_\_ it's dose \_\_\_\_\_ and route\_

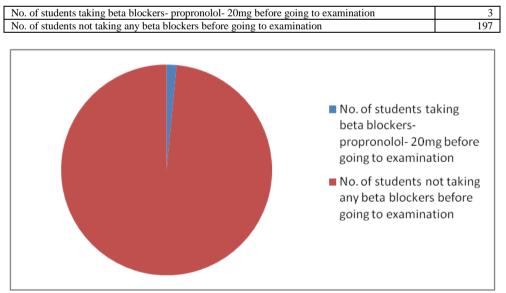
9. Do you take caffeinated drinks in excess quantity before going to exams? Yes / No If yes, how much you will take

10. Do you take any alcoholic beverages during the examination days? Yes / No

If yes, how much you will take\_

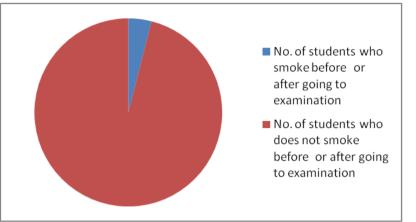


Only 0.5 % of the students took CNS stimulant Amphetamine 2.5mg before going to examination to perform well in the exam.

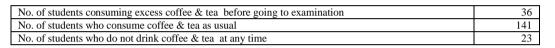


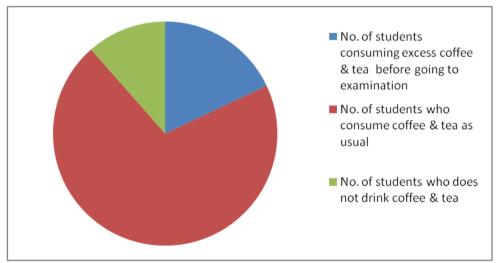
Only 1.5 % of the students took beta blocker propranolol 20mg before going to examination to perform well in the exam.

No. of students who smoke before or after going to examination	8
No. of students who do not smoke before or after going to examination	192

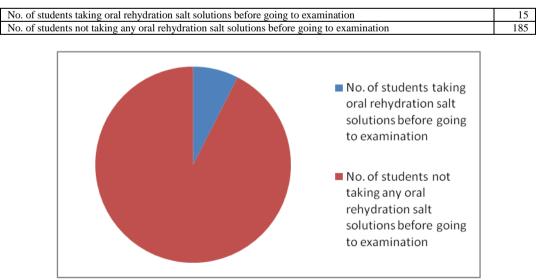


Only 4.16% of the students smoke before going or after finishing examination.

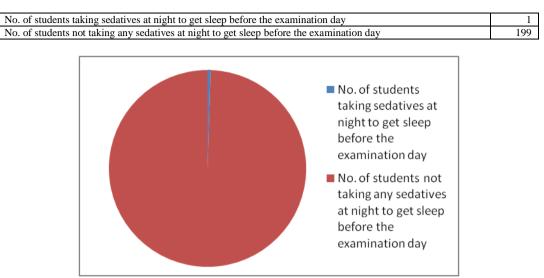




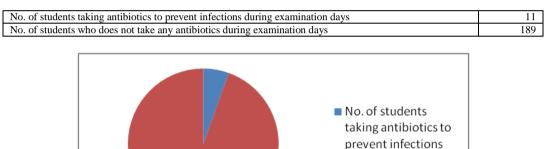
18% of the students consume coffee & tea in excess quantity before going to examination 11.5% of the students do not have the habit of drinking coffee and tea.



7.5% of the students take oral rehydration salt solutions before going to examination

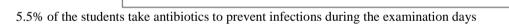


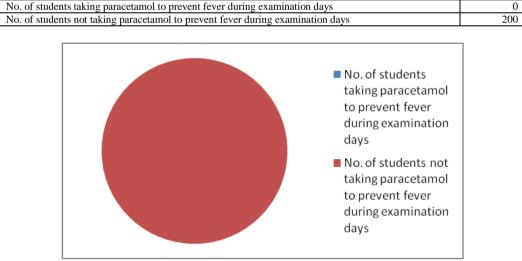
Only 0.5% of the students take sedatives- at night time to get sleep before the examination day.



during examination

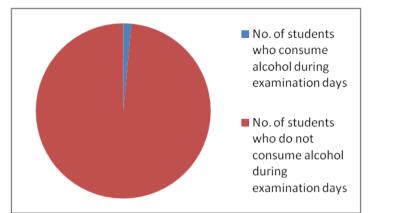
days



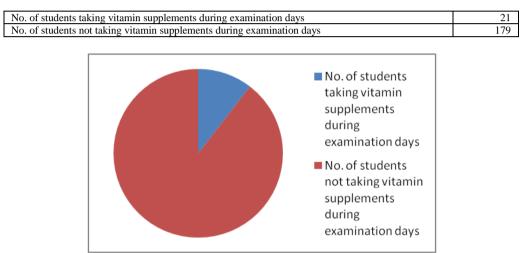


0% of the students take paracetamol to prevent fever during the examination days

No. of students who consume alcohol during examination days	3
No. of students who do not consume alcohol during examination days	197



Only 1.5% of the students consume alcohol during examination days



10.5% of the students take vitamin supplements during their examination days

# **IV. Discussion**

By seeing the above results we can understand the usage of different medications among the medical students during their examination days. Some students might have not given the correct answer because of not having interest in revealing their usage of medications<sup>(13,14,15,16)</sup>However we analyzed the results of students who correctly gave their answers. The usage of medications is analyzed in the form of pie diagrams.

Maximum percentage of usage of medications is seen with consumption of coffee & tea in excess quantity among medical students during their examination days.

Least percentage of usage of medications is seen with paracetamol. Nobody among medical students are using paracetamol to prevent fever during their examination days.

Only 0.5 % of the students took CNS stimulant Amphetamine 2.5mg before going to examination to perform well in the exam.

Only 1.5 % of the students took beta blocker Propranolol 20mg before going to examination to perform well in the exam.

Only 4.16% of the students smoke before going to or after finishing the examination.

7.5% of the students take oral rehydration salt solutions before going to examination

Only 0.5% of the students take sedatives- at night time to get sleep before the examination day.

5.5% of the students take antibiotics to prevent infections during the examination days.

Only 1.5% of the students consume alcohol during examination days. Alcohol intake may become addiction after prolonged usage.

10.5% of the students take vitamin supplements during their examination days. Care should be taken while using vitamin supplementations. Prolonged and high dose usage of vitamin supplementations may lead to toxicity.

#### V. Conclusion

The usage of drugs among medical students is less during their examination days. However usage of some harmful drugs such as CNS stimulants(Amphetamine) and sedatives(Benzodiazepines) is very less among them. And the usage of harmless medications such as oral rehydration salts, vitamin supplementations is not much more. So, we concluded that the usage of different drugs among medical students is very less and not much harmful to them<sup>(17,18)</sup>In future if the usage of medications among medical students increases, then we have to take measures to reduce the usage if they are known to be harmful<sup>(19,20)</sup>

#### References

- The global burden of substance abuse. [accessed on January 11, 2014]. Available from: http://www.who.int/substance\_abuse/facts/global\_burden/en/
- [2]. Chen C-Y, Lin K-M. Health consequences of illegal drug use. CurrOpin Psychiatry. 2009;22:287–92.[PubMed]
- [3]. Meressa K, Mossie A, Gelaw Y. Effect of substance abuse on academic achievement of health officer and medical students of Jimma University, Southwest Ethiopia. Ethiop J Health Sci. 2009;19:155–63.
- [4]. Epidemiologic trends in drug abuse. Proceedings of the Community Epidemiology working Group.National Institute on Drug Abuse. [accessed on January 11, 2014]. Available from: http://www.drugabuse.gov/sites/default/files/cewgjune09vol1\_web508pdf .
- [5]. Jagnany VK, Murarka S, Haider S, Kashyap V, Jagnany AK, Singh SB, et al. Pattern of substance abuse among the undergraduate medical students in a medical college hostel. Health PopulPerspect Issues. 2008;31:212–9.
- [6]. Kumari R, Nath B. Study on the use of tobacco among male medical students in Lucknow, India. Indian J Community Med. 2008;33:100–3. [PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [7]. Ramakrishna GS, Sankara Sharma P, Thankappan KR. Tobacco use among medical students in Orissa. Natl Med J India. 2005;18:285–9. [PubMed]
- [8]. Chatterjee T, Haldar D, Mallik S, Sarkar GN, Das S, Lahiri SK. A study on habits of tobacco use among medical and non-medical students of Kolkata. Lung India. 2011;28:5–10. [PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [9]. Gupta S, Sarpal SS, Kumar D, Kaur T, Arora S. Prevalence, pattern and familial effects of substance use among the male college students a North Indian Study. J ClinDiagn Res. 2013;17:1632–6.[PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [10]. National institute on alcohol abuse and alcoholism. Alcohol facts and statistics. [accessed on March 10, 2014]. Available from: http://www.niaaa.nih.gov/alcohol-health/overview-alcohol-consumption/alcohol-facts-and-statistics .
- [11]. Gopiram P, Kishore MT. Psychosocial attributes of substance abuse among adolescents and young adults: A comparative study of users and non-users. Indian J Psychol Med. 2014;36:58–61.[PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [12]. Ponnudurai R, Somasundaran O, Indira TP, Gunasekar P. Alcohol and drug abuse among internees. Indian J Psychiatry. 1996;26:128–32. [PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [13]. Mannapur B, Dorle AS, Hiremath LD, Ghattargi CH, Ramadurg U, Kulkarni KR. A study of psychological stress in undergraduate medical students at S.N. Medical College, Bagalkot, Karnataka. J ClinDiagn Res. 2010;4:2869–74.
- [14]. Singh VV, Singh Z, Banerjee A, Basannar DR. Determinants of smoking habit among medical students. Med J Armed Forces India. 2003;59:209–11. [PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [15]. Zulfikar AR, Vankar GK. Psychoactive substance use among medical students. Indian jPsychiatry. 1994;36:138–40. [PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [16]. Webb E, Ashton CH, Kelly P, Kamali F. Alcohol and drug use in UK University Students. Lancet. 1996;348:922–5. [PubMed]
- [17]. Melani AS, Verponziani W, Boccoli E, Trianni GL, Federici A, Amerini R, et al. Tobacco smoking habits, attitudes and beliefs among nurse and medical students in Tuscany. Eur J Epidemiol. 2000;16:607–11. [PubMed]
- [18]. Deressa W, Azazh A. Substance use and its predictors among undergraduate medical students of Addis Ababa University in Ethiopia. BMC Public Health. 2011;11:660. [PMC free article] [PubMed]
- [19]. Ashton CH, Kamali F. Personality lifestyles, alcohol and drug consumption in a sample of british medical students. Med Educ. 1995;29:187–92. [PubMed]
- [20]. Arria AM, Caldeira KM, O'Grady KE, Vincent KB, Fitzelle DB, Johnson EP, et al. Drug exposure opportunities and use patterns among college students: Results of a longitudinal prospective cohort study. SubtAbus. 2008;29:19–38. [PMC free article] [PubMed]

Dr.G.V.Hemanth. "A Study on Usage of Different Medications among Medical Students during Their Examination Days." IOSR Journal of Dental and Medical Sciences (IOSR-JDMS), vol. 18, no. 4, 2019, pp 89-94.