AP Vision Document Swarna Andhra 2047-A Comprehensive Strategy To Achieve Equitable, Just And Sustainable Development

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Abstract

The Swarnandhra Vision-2047 outlines ten guiding principles designed to elevate Andhra Pradesh. The vision focuses on achieving a 'wealthy, healthy, and happy' state. The principles include zero poverty, employment generation, and human resource development. The government aims to ensure water security, enhance agricultural technology, and optimise energy costs. Additionally, the vision promotes cleanliness, innovation, and the integration of advanced technologies into various sectors. Action is being taken to improve infrastructure through the P-4 model—public-private-people partnership. About 4 per cent of the state's population, or approximately 2.2 million people, were living below the poverty line. Following NITI Aayog's guidelines, plans are being drawn up to uplift the poor. Policies are also being developed to prepare a five-year vision action plan at the assembly constituency level.

A comprehensive strategy has been adopted where key pillars of the economy such as agriculture, industries, services, logistics, energy and allied services, shall be enabled in an equitable, just and sustainable manner. Embracing a citizen-centric approach, the State will ensure adequate representation of every member of society, including women, senior citizens and vulnerable groups. Quality education and skill development have been recognized as critical components in accomplishing the State's goals, which will be achieved through proactive and progressive governance.

 Key Words: comprehensive strategy, innovation, digital connectivity

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I. Introduction:

As part of Viksit Bharat@2047 the Government of Andhra Pradesh has set an ambitious target to transform the state into a \$2.4 trillion economy by 2047. This goal includes achieving a per capita income of \$43,000. To realize this vision, the Government is actively developing a comprehensive roadmap under the "Swarna Andhra@2047" initiative. This initiative aligns with the broader national vision of "Viksit Bharat@2047," which aims for a developed India by 2047. To achieve this transformation, the state is aiming for an impressive annual growth rate of 15%. As per the vision document, A.P. targets to become a ₹308 lakh crore (\$ 2.4 trillion) economy by 2047 with a per capita income of ₹55 lakh (\$42,000). The vision adopts a macro-to-micro approach, identifying overarching goals and breaking them down into specific actions at the sectoral level.

Andhra Pradesh Chief Minister N. Chandrababu Naidu's ambitious goal is to build a "wealthy, healthy and happy society" by 2047. The Swarna Andhra Vision document, unveiled on December 13, aims to increase the per capita income from below \$3,000 (Rs 255,130) to \$42,000 (Rs 35.7 lakh) by that time. The loftier target is to transform Andhra and ensure that the global Telugu community is at the forefront in the next 23 years.

II. Historical Background:

"The Telugu Desam Party (TDP) government had, in the 1990s at the time of releasing the Vision 2020 Document, envisioned having one IT employee from each family. The subsequent reforms led to desired results in the IT sector. Now, my goal is to have 'One family, one entrepreneur' in Andhra Pradesh by 2047. It is my sankalpam (solemn pledge) to see that every family has an entrepreneur. Think globally, act globally. We need to move forward towards a knowledge society," says Naidu. "TDP founder-president and former chief minister N.T. Rama Rao's legacy of bringing recognition to the Telugu community serves as an inspiration for tackling poverty through policies focused on people, public-private partnerships and inclusive economic growth,"

emphasises Naidu. Sensing public participation to be crucial for leveraging growth, he has called upon people of the state to help realise 'Swarna Andhra' by 2047.

About Swarnandhra Vision-2047:

The Swarnandhra Vision-2047 outlines ten guiding principles designed to elevate Andhra Pradesh. The vision focuses on achieving a '*wealthy, healthy, and happy*' state. The principles include zero poverty, employment generation, and human resource development. The government aims to ensure water security, enhance agricultural technology, and optimise energy costs. Additionally, the vision promotes cleanliness, innovation, and the integration of advanced technologies into various sectors.

The creation of a knowledge society and the focus on sustainable, inclusive development are central to this vision. The vision document focuses on decentralising power and development. Under this initiative, 175 industrial parks will be established across the state, creating employment opportunities for 500,000 people. The government aims to ensure that industries involve local farmers as stakeholders. Assuring farmers of doing justice with the new 'Agritech' system, the chief minister says farmers will be partners in the industries wherever they are set up. The government aims to promote clean energy and plans to turn Andhra into a green hydrogen energy hub. To achieve this, the vision document targets an ambitious growth rate of 15 per cent by increasing the Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP), which is currently below \$3,000, by 15 times over the next 23 years.

The once backward districts, such as Anantapur, Kurnool and Kadapa, have made significant progress due to the promotion of horticultural crops suited to the local climate. East Godavari district, which was once highly developed, is lagging due to the lack of industries, slow growth in the services sector, and continued reliance on traditional crops such as rice and coconut. The failure to integrate the knowledge economy into the region's economic model is the key reason for backwardness. Innovative thinking in planning and execution is essential to achieve the desired result. It is only when per capita income increases that the standard of living improves. Action is being taken to improve infrastructure through the P-4 model—public-private-people partnership. About 4 per cent of the state's population, or approximately 2.2 million people, were living below the poverty line. Following NITI Aayog's guidelines, plans are being drawn up to uplift the poor. Policies are also being developed to prepare a five-year vision action plan at the assembly constituency level.

Key Principles of the Vision:

- Zero Poverty The foremost goal is to eradicate poverty within the state.
- Employment and Skilling Initiatives will focus on creating job opportunities and enhancing skills among the workforce.
- Water Security Ensuring access to clean water for all residents is a priority.
- Agricultural Advancement The vision promotes the use of technology in farming to increase productivity.
- Energy Efficiency Cost optimisation for energy and fuel is crucial for sustainable development.

Public-Private-People Partnership (P-4):

The P-4 model aims to involve the public, private sectors, and citizens in achieving the vision's goals. This system is designed to eliminate poverty and encourage community empowerment. Collaboration among these sectors will lead to transformative changes in the lives of the underprivileged. The P-3 model, previously established, has already generated substantial employment and wealth.

Community Engagement and Consultation:

The vision document was developed through extensive consultations and grassroots engagement. Workshops were conducted at various levels, covering over 111.8 million households. This inclusive approach ensures that the needs and aspirations of the community are reflected in the vision. The Government aims to create a thriving and responsible society that encourages innovation and knowledge.

1. Swarnandhra Vision-2047 aims for zero poverty.

2. P-4 system promotes collaboration for societal upliftment.

3.111.8 million households consulted for the vision.

4. Naidu emphasises community empowerment through P-4.

5. Vision includes deep-tech integration in everyday life.

Targets:

Swarna Andhra targets included increasing population to 5.8 crore from the present 5.3 crore, ensuring 100% literacy rate (72% currently), achieving ₹308 lakh crore (\$2.4 Tn) GSDP (nominal) against ₹14.22 lakh crore in 2023-24. At the same time, the government aimed to increase life expectancy to 85 years from 70.6 years currently, increase Female Labour Force Participation Rate (FLFPR) to 80% from the current 45.8%,

enhance the per capita income to ₹55 lakh (\$42,000) from ₹2.66 lakh in 2023-24. Sixty percent population to be urbanised from the present 36% and unemployment rate should be decreased to less than 2% from the current 4.1%.

Guiding Principles:

To achieve the objectives of the vision, the Chief Minister proposed *Padi Sutralu* (10 Guiding Principles) which would play a key role in implementation of the Vision Action Plan. They included achieving zero poverty, population management and human resource development, skilling and employment, water security, infusing technology in agriculture for sustainable farming and increasing farmer income levels, creating best logistics, minimising expenditure on energy, and enhancing product perfection. The Chief Minister announced that the government had certain commitments to be achieved before 2029. The government aimed to provide house sites and houses for all, ensure sanitation facilities, water supply, LPG connection, digital connectivity, electricity and solar roof, with the overall aim of making every house a healthy, wealthy and happy family.

Padi Sutralu - Swarna Andhra:

1. Zero Poverty:

Integrating People, Financial and Social Inclusion, Focusing on Family as a Unit (each House to have access to basic facilities like portable tap water, 24x7 electricity, Clean energy, Toilet and drainage, Solar Rooftop, Digital Connectivity), Social Security for Every Family, Affordable Healthcare Services, Family Values

2. Skilling & Employment

Employment across sectors, World Class Industrial Infrastructure, Continuous Re-skilling and Upskilling, Family Friendly Workplace, Product perfection, Simplified Procedure, Women MSME Parks

3. Population Management & Human Resources Development

Remote Learning Centres, Integrate Skill Curriculum, Skill University, Unique Skill Passport, Skill Auding, 100% Digital Literacy, Demographic Management

4. Water Security:

Portable Tap Water to Each HH, Water Conservation, Interlinking of Rivers, Irrigation t each acre of land, Effective irrigation methods, Rainwater harvesting, Resilient Infrastructure.

5.Farmer-Agri Tech:

Maximizing Farmer Incomes While Ensuring Sustainability (access to credit, mentorship), High-end Processing, Community Managed Natural Farming, High-value Horticulture and Aquaculture Clusters, Clean Energy, Wide Spread Adoption of AI, IoT, Drones, Robotics etc., GIS enabled Water Management, Realtime Assessment, Global Branding

6. Global Best Logistics:

Linking State and NHs, Extensive Rail Network, Mega Ports, International Airports, Shipbuilding & Repair, Inland Waterways, Coastal Economic Zones, Multi-Modal Logistics Parks, Open Trade Policy, Fastdigital Communication

7. Cost Optimization-Energy & Fuel:

Provisioning Solar, Wind and Pumped Energy, Green Energy and Green Hydrogen Hub, Decarbonisation of Green House Gases (Net Zero Emission by 2047), Every House as a Green House, Green Innovation, Central Climate Knowledge Centre, Early Warning Systems, Energy Democratization

8. Product Perfection:

Innovation Districts connected to Global Investors, Universities, Corporations, Incubation Parks, R&D Centres, Home to Global Brands, Robust High Quality Standards, Harness the potential of Blue Ocean Economy

9. Swachh Andhra:

WASH for all, Tech-enabled Wate Mgt., Two Cities to be part of Top 100 Cities for Liveability, Conservation of Marine Ecosystem, Green Financing

10.Deep Tech-All Walks of Life:

Four World Class Service Hubs, Global Centre for AI, Data Centre and Cloud Services, Drone Capital of India, Technology Incubation and Commercialization in AI, Quantum Computing and Genomics

Implementation Strategy:

The government proposed an institutional mechanism at the constituency level by appointing MLAs as Chairpersons, besides Special Officers for implementation. The MLAs as Chairpersons would oversee execution of the Constituency Development Vision Plan and ensure timely project implementation. A districtlevel officer as the Special Officer would be responsible for implementing the action plan in the constituency.

The Swarna Andhra 2047 Vision outlines a transformative roadmap for Andhra Pradesh, focusing on sustainable economic growth, social development, and environmental resilience. The vision aims to position the state as a global leader in various sectors by enhancing innovation, improving quality of life for all citizens, and fostering inclusive and equitable growth. It emphasizes building a strong industrial and service sector, addressing climate challenges, and creating opportunities for education, healthcare, and infrastructure, while ensuring a prosperous and sustainable future for the state.

Realizing the vision requires a unified and collaborative approach, engaging citizens, businesses, and institutions across the state. Active stakeholder participation, strong institutional frameworks, and efficient monitoring mechanisms to drive collective progress, while fostering a culture of adaptability and resilience will enable Andhra Pradesh to navigate changes and capitalize on emerging opportunities. By aligning efforts across all sectors and creating an inclusive environment for development, the Swarna Andhra@2047 vision aspires to build a prosperous, resilient, and sustainable future for all residents of Andhra Pradesh.

To foster inclusive economic growth and improve the quality of life across all regions of Andhra Pradesh, District Vision Management Units (VMUs) will be established in close coordination with real-time governance systems. These units will play a pivotal role in implementing and monitoring regional development initiatives, ensuring a responsive and effective framework for progress. Citizen inputs will be actively incorporated through crowdsourcing mechanisms, allowing residents to share their feedback, suggest innovative ideas, and contribute to local development plans. Line Departments with nodal officers to be appointed as owners of individual action teams.

District Vision Management Units (VMUs) and the Line Departments to be overseen by a Vision Management Unit at the state level, which will be a part of the planning department. This state unit will not only coordinate and provide guidance to all district-level VMUs and Line Departments but also play an active role in the overall planning process, monitoring the progress of projects, evaluating their impact, assessing the needs and requirements of different districts, ensuring that the work is carried out efficiently and at a high standard. Theme specific task forces (like P4, Zero Poverty & Diaspora, Blue Economy, Knowledge & Innovation, etc.) will be implemented, governed by a steering committee chaired by the Hon'ble Chief Secretary of Andhra Pradesh, to ensure coordination and helping them translate the strategies into actionable plans. They will also receive external professionals as required. The strategic decision-making by setting the vision, approval of high-level plans and alignment with the broader state will be done by a Leadership team.

India is on a transformative path to become Viksit Bharat by 2047, and it is imperative for each State to delineate its own journey towards holistic and reformative action. Andhra Pradesh, strategically positioned with a vast coastline and abundant human capital, is poised to and shall emerge as a crucial growth engine in the Viksit Bharat Journey. Andhra Pradesh's vision for 2047 embodies the collective aspirations of its people. All success stories commence with a vision, and a successful vision places the citizens at its centre.

Andhra Pradesh, celebrated for its fertile landscapes and rich cultural heritage, is an exemplary model for other states. From flourishing agriculture fields to modern industries powered by the blue economy and port led industrialization, our State stands as a testament to the varied potential we hold. It is in recognizing and leveraging these strengths we embark on a journey to catapult Andhra Pradesh to even greater heights

III. Conclusion:

The document is an actionable roadmap which is ambitious yet implementable. Every line and every initiative resonate with the pulse of our citizens, ensuring that our vision translates into tangible improvement in their lives. It is preparedness for the advancements that await us, and embodies our collective vision for the next 25 years to foster a State that evolves with the changing times while remaining rooted in its values. Swarna Andhra@2047 is holistic vision which is determined to enhance and diversify the capabilities of the State's economy. A comprehensive strategy has been adopted where key pillars of the economy such as agriculture, industries, services, logistics, energy and allied services, shall be enabled in an equitable, just and sustainable manner. Embracing a citizen-centric approach, the State will ensure adequate representation of every member of society, including women, senior citizens and vulnerable groups. Quality education and skill development have

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